(c) A particle of mass m and KE E is moving along positive X axis towards a finite potential step whose potential function is

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ V_0 & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Show that for  $E > V_0$  the incident particle has certain probability of being reflected and certain probability of being transmitted.

## GROUP-B

- (d) What are the different modes of beta decay? Explain the nature of β particle spectrum. What are the difficulties in interpreting the spectrum? 3+3+4=10
- (e) Explain, in detail, the construction and different operating regions of a gas-filled detector. 3+7=10
- (f) Explain the terms 'optical pumping' and 'population inversion'. Explain the three level pumping LASERS and mention two drawbacks of this type of LASER.

  2+2+4+2=10

Total number of printed pages-4

3 (Sem-4/CBCS) PHY HC2

2023

## **PHYSICS**

(Honours Core)

Paper: PHY-HC-4026

(Elements of Modern Physics)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions:  $1 \times 7 = 7$ 
  - (a) What is the quantum of light?
  - (b) What is the momentum of an electron if its de Broglie wavelength is 1Å?
  - (c) What is wave particle duality?
  - (d) Write one limitation of wave function  $\psi$ .

- (e) Write the relation between half life and mean life of a radioactive sample.
- (f) What is the radius of a nucleus of mass number 125?
- (g) What is the function of a moderator in a nuclear reactor?
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×4=8
  - (a) Explain why Compton effect cannot be observed with visible light.
  - (b) The threshold wavelength of a metal is 6000 Å. Find the work function of the metal.
  - (c) What is the physical significance of a wave function?
  - (d) Explain why pair production cannot take place in vacuum.
- 3. Answer **any three** questions from the following: 5×3=15
  - (a) Find the expression of minimum energy of a confined particle using uncertainty principle.
  - (b) Define commutator. Show that position and momentum operators do not commute. 1+4=5

- (c) What is binding energy of a nucleus?

  Draw a graph of binding energy per nucleon vs mass number of different nuclei. Write one conclusion that can be drawn from the graph. 2+2+1=5
- (d) Write how magic numbers can be explained from nuclear shell model.
- (e) What is  $\alpha$  decay? Explain fine structure of  $\alpha$  energy spectrum.

1+4=5

4. Answer **any three** questions taking **at least one** from each group (maximum **two**questions from **one** group): 10×3=30

## GROUP-A

- (a) What are phase velocity and group velocity? Deduce the expressions of phase velocity and group velocity.

  Derive the relation between these velocities.

  2+3+3+2=10
- (b) Derive Schrödinger equation for a non-relativistic free particle.